Root-Cause Analysis Workshop



Some examples for discussion

Root-Cause Analysis Workshop (1)

Typical approach for indicator species

- Sample in process and test at <10cfu/ml
- Increase final product testing frequency <10cfu/ml
- Swab in process plant equipment <1 cfu/ area</p>
- Swab in process environment <1 cfu/ area</p>
- Often unsuccessful.

Typical approach for pathogens

- As above
- Often more successful
- Sensitivity at Presence or absence in 25g



Root-Cause Analysis Workshop (2)



- Assumptions
 - automated valves
 - CIP Program
 - process program
 - SCADA ackn. OK
- Example
 - large creamery
 - raw milk valves
 - min Verification
 - old Validation





• Shelf-life issue in milk



Root-Cause Analysis Workshop (3)



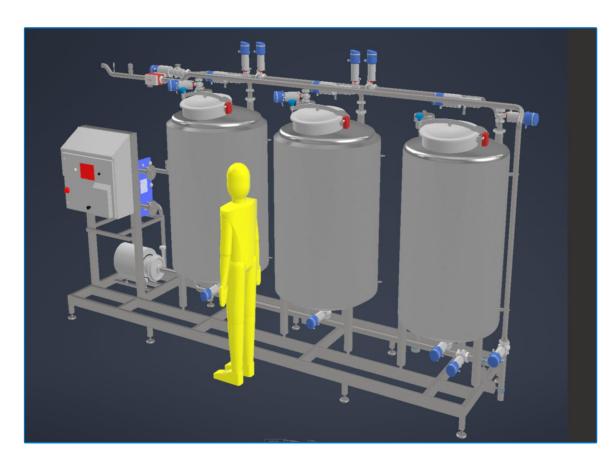
	Vat No. vs E. coli																										
DOP	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
01.06.24	10	0	0		0		0		0		110		20		240		50		0	30	150		100	70	1300		>3,000
02.06.24		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0	0		0		10	
03.06.24	0		10	0	0		20	0	0		390		150		1100		400		>3,000	1800			270		680		>3,000
04.06.24		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0	0	0	0		20	
05.06.24	10		0		0		10	0	0		10		0		0		70		180		110		250		1800		>3,000
06.06.24		0		10		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0	0		0		30	
07.06.24	0		0		0		20		0		40		30		10		0		150				20		300		250
08.06.24		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0	0		0		10	

• What could have been done differently?

- Assumptions
 - first vats <10 cfu/g
 - no survival
 - *E. coli* contamination
 - after Vat 29/30
 - CIP Program verified validated
- Example
 - large creamery
 - cheese
 - Change extended run
 - Not revalidated

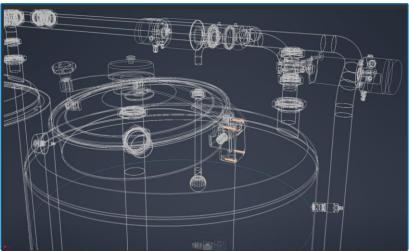
Root-Cause Analysis Workshop (4)





3 Tank CIP set – RHS Final Rinse Tank





Root-Cause Analysis Workshop (4)



The Challenge of Root-Cause analysis

Open discussion